

六、翻译句子（共6小题；每小题1.5分，满分9分）

将下列句子翻译成英语，用上括号内所给的单词或短语。

1. 那本杂志描述了寿光自1983年来的变化。(describe)

2. 政府正在市中心外边为农民工建公寓。(outside)

3. 今天的温度在二度到零下三度之间。(between...and)

4. 警察叔叔拍了拍我的肩膀，礼貌的笑了笑。(touch)

5. 确保你在离开前关掉所有的灯。(make sure)

6. 在这次意外事件期间，我姑姑不知道去做什么。(no idea)

七、书面表达（10分）

随着社会的发展和人口增长，地球上的水资源正在日益减少且遭到污染。根据下面的提示，写一篇70词左右的短文。

提示单词：pour(排放), rubbish(垃圾), protect(保护), save(节约)

1. 水是生命之源；

2. 工业发展、人口的增长，浪费水、污染水；

The toad jumped into the well.8_____ (hear) something fall into water, the woman quickly ran towards the well. The monkey at once entered the house, took a basket with a big cake and to a hill.

After a while, the toad met the monkey there. The monkey wanted to eat the cake by 9_____ (his), so he said to the toad, "Let's roll the basket downhill. Whoever gets the basket 10_____ (one) can have the cake." "But that's unfair. I can't run as fast as you," replied the toad. The monkey said, "You must race with me, or the whole cake 11_____ (be) mine."

They pushed the basket down hill and the race started. Suddenly, the cake fell out of the basket and hit a small tree. The toad stopped under the tree and began to eat the cake 12_____ (quiet) .

When the monkey caught the basket, he found it empty. So he thought, "The toad 13_____ (eat) up them already." Then he climbed the hill again and saw the toad eating the cake. He became angry and wanted to take the cake back. But to the monkey's 14_____ (surprised), the toad asked him to eat it together.

The monkey regretted cheating his friend. He decided he would never do that any more.

英语试题

五、词汇运用 (14分)

A. 根据已给汉语或单词提示用单词的正确形式完成句子。(6分)

1. Air pollution is _____ (有害) to our body, you should keep the windows _____ (关).
2. The moonlight shone on the _____ (平静的) sea, it's not _____ (风) and cloudy.
3. The girl looks _____ (苍白的), she may be in bad _____ (健康).
4. Lin Tao _____ (help) his mother _____ (make) dinner when his father got home from work.
5. The scientist is writing a _____ (reporter) on an old and _____ (break) desk.
6. _____ (compare) to England, the weather is _____ (dry) in summer than in China.

B. 阅读短文, 用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。(8分)

One day, a toad (蟾蜍) met a monkey. They decided to look for something to eat because they both felt hungry. A woman 7 _____ (make) some food when they came to a farmer's house. They got an idea.

two-child policy is good. First of all, two-child policy is the gift for some only child. For some families, maybe the ① _____ are only child and they also can have only child. Besides the loneliness of their child, when their child grows up and they grow older, their child marry an only child girl, the burden (负担) on their child and his wife is too heavy. ② Their child and his wife have to take care of two couples. Usually, a young couple looking after an old couple is a little difficult. But if their parents have two children, they can share the burden of taking care of their parents. It would be much better. Secondly, two-child policy can guarantee (保证) the number of Chinese population.

All in all, one-child policy has been out of date. And two-child policy is needed and necessary. It can solve the problems of nowadays (现在) and the future.

1. What policy did government carry out before 2016?

2. 在①处填入一个恰当单词 _____

3. List the advantages of the two-child policy.

(1) _____

(2) _____

4. 将文中②处划线句子翻译成汉语。 _____

5. What is the main idea of the passage?

Then cooler air around it rushes in. 34 After the air gets warmer, it starts to move quickly, making wind. The wind goes in circles (圆圈) and it keeps moving higher in the sky. The warmer the air gets, the quicker the wind moves. And when the wind moves faster than 30 metres a second, a typhoon begins.

A typhoon has two parts, one is called the "eye". In the eye, the wind does not move so fast. 35 Here are the strongest winds and hardest rains.

What to do when a typhoon hits?

Stay inside. Close all the windows and stay away from them.

Try to bring all of your things inside. 36

Listen to the radio or TV for important information.

If you're told to go to a safer place, do it right now.

- A. Strong winds could even blow away your bikes!
 - B. Most happen in July, August and September.
 - C. When the wind moves faster and faster, it happens.
 - D. It fills the space that is left.
 - E. The other part is the wall of clouds around the eye.

四、阅读表达 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

读文章, 根据文章后面每小題的要求做题。

China is a great country with the largest population in the world. In order to solve the population problem, our government carried out one-child policy (政策) before. When it is carried out for some time, many people not only see its advantages but also disadvantages.

From 2016, two-child policy is put into effect. In my opinion,

C.Because it wasn't easy for him to mend them.

D.Because he didn't know how to recycle the bikes

()30.The third paragraph talks about _____

A.Why ZhangYang had the idea.

B.What problems ZhangYang met.

C.How others helped ZhangYang.

D.What ZhangYang is doing now.

()31.What can we learn about ZhangYang?

A.He often rode his bike to work.

B.He lived in a village when he was young.

C.He started a company to make bikes.

D.He made his idea come true at last.

()32.What's the main idea of the passage?

A.How to buy bikes to village children.

B.How to help village children.

C.How to solve the problems of bikes.

D.How to collect bikes and sell them.

E

从方框中选择合适的选项中填入空白处，其中有一项多余。

Maybe you know floods, earthquakes, sandstorms and so on. But have you heard of typhoons(台风)?

Typhoons are some of the worst storms, usually around the Pacific Ocean and the South China Sea. 33

How does a typhoon happen? When lots of sea water gets hot in the summer sun, it evaporates (蒸发) into the air. This makes the air hotter. When the air gets warm enough, it starts to move higher up into sky.

C. Ripley took a bus to return to his hotel.

D. Ripley bought a hamburger for his breakfast.

D

What do you usually do with wasted bikes? Instead of letting thousands of bicycles go to waste, ZhangYang is mending(修理) them and sending them to children in Myanmar.

"People spent from \$300 to \$500 making one bicycle. It's expensive," ZhangYang wrote online. "When I see the wasted bikes on the roads or in parks, I feel really sad."

ZhangYang thought of the young village children. "I often see many students walking a long way from home to school in village," he said. "Some students often walk up to one hour. Their families can't pay for a bike. They never think about going to school by school bus."

Then ZhangYang came up with an idea. He wanted to recycle(回收) the wasted bikes and make them into new ones. He started LessWalk, an organization(组织) to collect and mend bikes. Now he gets about 4,700 new bikes, and there are 5,300 more bikes on the way.

After knowing Zhang's idea and his organization, a lot of people helped him. "Three months after I wrote about my idea online, I'm very happy because I can finally start working on it," ZhangYang said.

ZhangYang now talking with different organizations about how to distribute he bikes. After some time, children in Myanmar will get their own bikes.

()29. Why did ZhangYang feel sad?

A. Because the village children couldn't use them.

B. Because the bikes were too expensive to buy.

the beginning, Ripley was worried about what to do. But later he was excited to find it so easy.

By scanning a QR code on the window of a street restaurant, Ripley bought a *jianbing* for his breakfast. It only took him just a few seconds to buy the *jianbing* with six yuan. He just put in a password. It included numbers and letters.



After breakfast, Ripley used his phone to ask for a taxi to meet Gu Yu. He made a new payment app. The app can help its users to save money in asking for taxis. Ripley planned to interview Gu Yu about his life. It took them about eight hours.

When Ripley got back to his hotel by taxi again, he was tired but happy because he finished a special day in Beijing.

- () 25. Why was Ripley worried about in the beginning?
- A. He travelled in Beijing. B. He couldn't speak Chinese.
C. He didn't take a wallet. D. He didn't meet a friend.
- () 26. The underlined word "password" means _____.
- A. 用户名 B. 密码 C. 签名 D. 钱包
- () 27. Why was Ripley tired on the special day?
- A. Because he spent a special day.
B. Because he walked a long way.
C. Because it took him eight hours to interview Gu Yu.
D. Because he didn't have lunch.
- () 28. Which of the following is TRUE?
- A. Ripley asked for a taxi in the street.
B. Ripley interviewed Gu Yu about his life.

sure that you have turned off all the lights that might come into your room.

Do some exercises.

Exercising will help you to fall asleep more easily, so walk for 20 minutes every day and you will sleep better at night. But don't do it just before you go to bed—you won't be able to sleep!

() 21. Why did Peter go to see a doctor?

A. Because he had some trouble sleeping well.

B. Because he couldn't get up early.

C. Because there was something wrong with his head.

D. Because he often got angry easily.

() 22. The doctor asked Peter to _____.

A. go to bed with the light on

B. get up later on Saturday mornings

C. do exercise no more

D. have a clean and comfortable bedroom

() 23. According to the passage, we'd better not do exercise _____.

A. after dinner

B. at night

C. before going to bed

D. before dinner

() 24. Which of the following is NOT TRUE according to the passage?

A. Four tips are mentioned in the passage.

B. The doctor gave Peter some sleeping tips.

C. We can listen to some light music to prepare for sleeping.

D. The doctor said watching TV for an hour was good for sleeping.

C

Will Ripley is a reporter from America. Many days ago he spent a very special day in Beijing without a wallet. How could he do that? In

()18. People began to make country song records _____.

A. in the 1920s

B. in 1920

C. in the 1970s

D. in 1970

()19. Why did country music become popular in America?

A. Because city people liked the music.

B. Because farmers moved to cities with their music.

C. Because country music talked about city people's lives.

D. Because country music developed in the Southern America.

()20. How many years has the song "Take Me Home, Country Roads" sung?

A. Nearly 30 years.

B. Over twenty years.

C. Nearly 40 years.

D. Nearly 50 years.

B

Peter could not sleep well and he woke up several times during the night, so he went to see a doctor, the doctor gave him some sleeping tips.

Have regular sleep.

Wake up at the same time and go to bed at the same time every night. This can make you sleep a bit better.

Turn off the TV.

Don't watch TV for more than half an hour before you decide to sleep. Studies show that it is bad for the quality(质量) of your sleep. Read a book or listen to some light music to prepare your body for sleeping.

Have a clean and comfortable bedroom.

A clean environment helps people to be happy and relaxed. Make

A

Are you interested in country music? I like it very much! It will take me away for a while after I am tired. The guitars and songs will take me to mountains and fields.

Country music usually talks of everyday life and feelings. It's the spirit of America, easy to understand, slow and simple.

Country music developed in the Southern United States. It was the folk music of American countryside. Many of songs tell about the lives of farmers. They talk about love, crops or death.

The life of the countryside can be hard, so the words in country music are often sad. At first, people played the music only at family parties. But it became more popular later. In the 1920s, people played country songs on the radio, and they made them into records.

When people in the countryside moved to towns and cities to look for work, they took their music with them. Country music continued to change and became popular across America.

John Denver was one of America's most famous country singers in the 1970s. His song "Take Me home, Country Roads" is well-known and people still play it today.



() 17. What did the folk music talk about?

- A. They talked about live or death.
- B. They talked about car, crops or songs.
- C. They talked the young and the old.
- D. They talked about love, crops or death.

--- Yes, I know. She is _____ honest child.

- A. a; a B. an; a C. a; an D. an; an

() 12. --- What's the weather like in Shouguang in winter.

--- _____

A. It's cool and always it's rainy.

B. It's windy and sometime it rains.

C. It's cold and sometimes it snows.

D. It's cool and sometime it's windy.

() 13. --- Don't throw away the waste. It needs _____.

--- OK. I _____ look at the sign on the wall.

A. to destroy, need

B. destroy, want

C. to collect, can

D. collect, have to

() 14. On the table there are _____ new chopsticks, and _____ of them are black.

A. five hundreds; one fourth

B. five hundred; two fifth

C. hundreds of; three fourths

D. hundreds of; two-three

() 15. Teachers always warn the school kids _____ with strangers on their way home.

A. not talk

B. not to talk

C. not talking

D. to not talk

() 16. The World Wide Fund for nature chose the panda _____ its symbol. Pandas make about thirty _____ in a year.

A. to be, born

B. as be, babies

C. is, bear

D. to be, births

三、阅读理解 (共 20 小题, 满分 26 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

6 to say anything.

Mrs Owens came by me, and put her 7 on my back. She said to the class, "Sam has worked very hard on his report, and I know it is very 8." Then she turned to me and asked, "Sam, what did you like best about your report on Hawaii?"

I tried to think about all the fun things. I read about surfing, volcanoes, and pineapples, and I started to tell. I told the class about 9 I knew. It was fun. It wasn't scary after all. The class clapped when I finished and Mrs Owens was smiling. I felt so 10 at that moment.

() 1. A. ready B. glad C. afraid D. interested

() 2. A. what B. when C. that D. because

() 3. A. report B. food C. game D. class

() 4. A. phoned B. was smiling

C. will smile D. was telling

() 5. A. on the corner B. at the top C. the first D. the new

() 6. A. nervous B. confident C. excited D. bored

() 7. A. hand B. leg C. cap D. arm

() 8. A. difficult B. serious C. interesting D. helpful

() 9. A. somebody B. nothing

C. everything D. anybody

() 10. A. tired B. worried C. hopeful D. proud

二、单项选择 (共 6 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 6 分)

从下列各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

() 11. ---Kate is my cousin, she is 8-year-old girl but we believe her.

英语试题

成就了今天，明天更美好！你想知道你最近的学习效果吗？现在就让我们一起进行体验吧！

温馨提示：1.本次试题考试时间 90 分钟，满分 80 分；

2.本次试卷分选择题和非选择题，答案全做在答题卡。

一、完形填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

The chirping of the birds woke me up. Today, I had to give a report about Hawaii in front of my class. I was really 1 to do it.

At breakfast, I tried to relax, But mum asked, "Are you ready, Sam?" "Yes," I answered quietly 2 I wasn't really.

On the school bus, I talked about baseball with my friend, Billy. It was a great way to get my mind off the 3. But as we got close to the school, I could feel my heart beating fast and my hand sweating(流汗). I hated this!

As I walked into the classroom, Mrs Owens 4 and said hello to me. After we took our spelling test, Mrs Owens said it was time to begin our special day. She said, "Sam, you will be 5." I got up slowly, I looked up and found everyone was looking at me. I was too